## Case 08-04626-LT13 Filed 03/17/10 Doc 107 Pg. 2 of 3

The Respondent provided no legal authority for any of the issues in his Trial Brief.

However, the Respondent pointed out that he issued checks to return the amount to Donald R.

Soucy (the "Debtor") so that the amount disclosed in the bankruptcy papers would comport with the amount that the Debtor had paid for bankruptcy services.

The Respondent did not provide any legal authority for the proposition that the Court should not order full disgorgement if the Court finds that the Respondent misrepresented the fees he had been paid pre-petition, regardless of whether the Debtor requests the full disgorgement or whether he refunded some amount to the Debtor. As the United States Trustee pointed out in her trial brief, the disclosure requirements of the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rules are strictly and literally applied so that the Court could order complete disgorgement and additional sanction of reasonable attorney fees and costs if the Court finds that the Respondent misrepresented his fees. Law Offices of Nicholas A. Franke v. Tiffany, U.S. Trustee (In re Lewis), 113 F.3d 1040, 1045-46 (9th Cir. 1997); In re Deville, 280 B.R. 483, 497 (9th Cir. BAP 2002).

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RESPONSIVE BRIEF SOUCY: 08-04626-LT13

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The Respondent also failed to provide any legal authority for the proposition that the Court should dismiss the application or withdraw the Court's Order to Show Cause Why Attorney Should Not Disgorge Fees or Be Sanctioned ("Order to Show Cause") with prejudice. 

The Respondent has a continuing duty to disclose and supplement. FED.R.BANKR.PROC. 
2016(b); see In re Tan, Lie Hung & Mountain States Investments, LLC, 413 B.R. 851, 859 
(Bankr.D.Or. 2009); In re Perrine, 369 B.R. 571, 579 (Bankr.C.D.Cal. 2007). Therefore, issues regarding Respondent's fees are always subject to scrutiny by the Court. In fact, the Court retains jurisdiction to review issues regarding fees even after dismissal of a case. In re Menk, 241 B.R. 896, 906 (9th Cir. BAP 1999)(citing Elias v. U.S. Trustee (In re Elias), 188 F.3d 1160, 1162 (9th Cir. 1999) and a string of other Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals cases); In re Orfa Corp. of Philadelphia, 170 B.R. 257, 270 (Dist.E.D.Pa. 1994).

WHEREFORE, UST submits this Responsive Brief to Respondent's Trial Brief for Evidentiary Hearing on Order to Show Cause Why Attorney Should Not Disgorge Fees or Be Sanctioned.

Respectfully submitted,

TIFFANY L. CARROLL ACTING UNITED STATES TRUSTEE

Dated: March 17, 2010

By: /s/ Haeji Hong

Haeji Hong

Attorney for the Acting United States

Trustee

RESPONSIVE BRIEF SOUCY: 08-04626-LT13

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The United States Trustee notes that the Respondent requests dismissal of the application with prejudice. However, the Court has entered an Order to Show Cause and it would appear that the Respondent would be requesting that the Court withdraw the Order to Show Cause with prejudice.